## Milestones and Entrustment:

Next steps for competency-based medical education

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APPD Forum for
Directors of Small Programs



- \* Dr. Carol Carraccio
- \* Dr. Robert Englander
- \* Dr. Joseph Gilhooley
- \* Dr. Olle Ten Cate
- ...and the many others from whose ideas and work I have borrowed shamelessly.



- **\*\*** "Medical education seems to be in a perpetual state of unrest."
- Cooke et al. American Medical Education: 100 Years After the Flexner Report. NEJM 2006; 355:1339-1344.
- **\* Good news: Progress has been made.**
- **\* More news: We are not there yet**

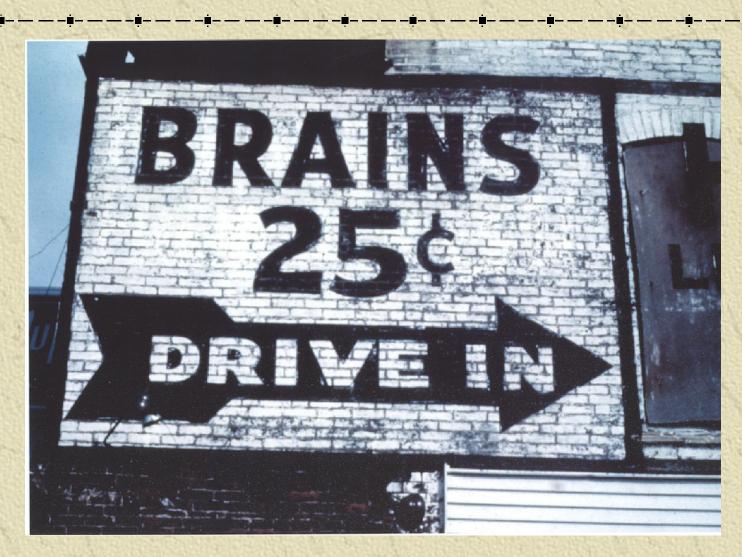


- **\*\* Successfully incorporate milestones and entrustment into assessment** 
  - Meet new regulatory expectations
  - Improve Competency-based Medical Education (CBME)

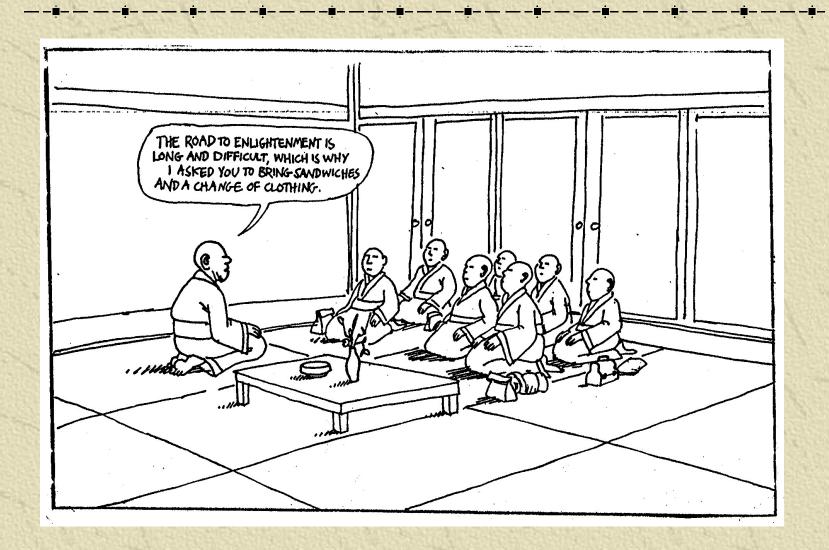


- **\* Perspective: history**
- **\* Orientation: current state**
- **\* Challenges to implementation of the next steps:** 
  - Curricular development
  - Program and faculty development
  - Building across the continuum
  - Scholarly examination of solutions
  - Resources

## THE QUICK FIX...



## THE REAL FIX...





- **\* To the public:** 
  - Mediocre quality
  - Profit motives
  - Inadequate curricula
  - Nonscientific approach
- **\*** To medicine:
  - Formal analytic reasoning
  - Balance of research and patient care



- \* Set in motion basis for standards
- \* Requirements for accreditation
- **\* Requirements for certification**
- **GME** to replace apprenticeship
  - Still linked only to service
  - Still assessed by "sniff test"



- **\* Goals and objectives**
- **\*\* Global assessment of performance**
- **\* Confirming competence by:** 
  - Program documentation
  - Global assessments
  - Ill-defined requirements for observation
  - Attestation for the ABP
  - Certification by Exam



- \* Almost exclusively Global assessment
  - Lack of specific criteria for success
  - Limited authenticity/direct observation
  - Lack of Faculty development/change
  - Still a "sniff test"



- \* David Leach:
  - Called for true competency-based GME
  - Authentic and specific determinants in assessment
- "Things that we wish to assess and improve upon, we must measure"



- **\* ACGME and ABMS**
- **\* Identified 6 areas of general competence**
- **Relevant areas of "subcompetence"**
- **\* Taught and assessed for accreditation and certification**
- \* Direct observation



- \* Outcomes vs. Process
- \* Learner centered vs. program centered
- **\* Competency-based**
- **\*\* Observed directly**
- \* Reliable and valid assessment tools



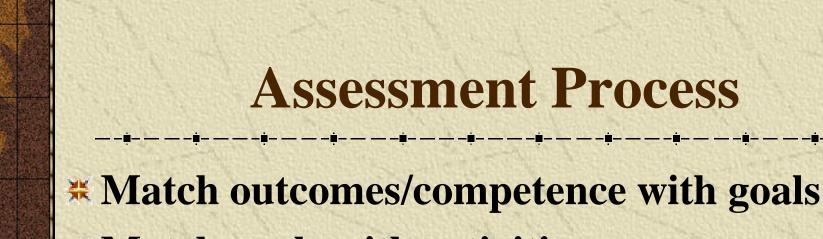
- **\* Revise curriculum:** 
  - Outcomes in terms of competence
  - Activities to achieve outcomes
  - Competency-based assessment of activities
- **\* Conduct educational research:** 
  - Rigorous investigation
  - Evidence that competence is linked to outcomes desired



- \* Direct observation
  - Structured skills and knowledge assessments
  - Specific criteria for competence
  - Reliably by different evaluators
  - Relevant, fair and setting specific



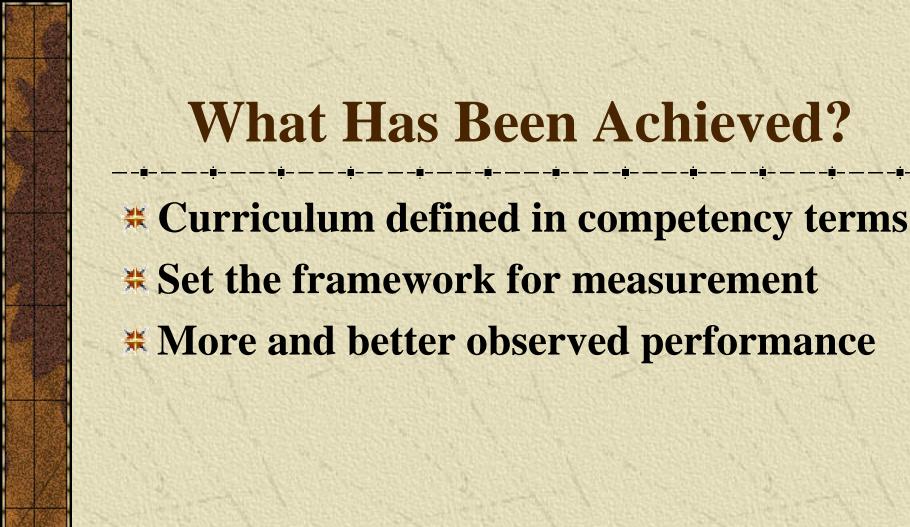
- **\* Documentation:** 
  - Linked to observed or reviewed performance
  - Interpretable
  - Timely and available for review

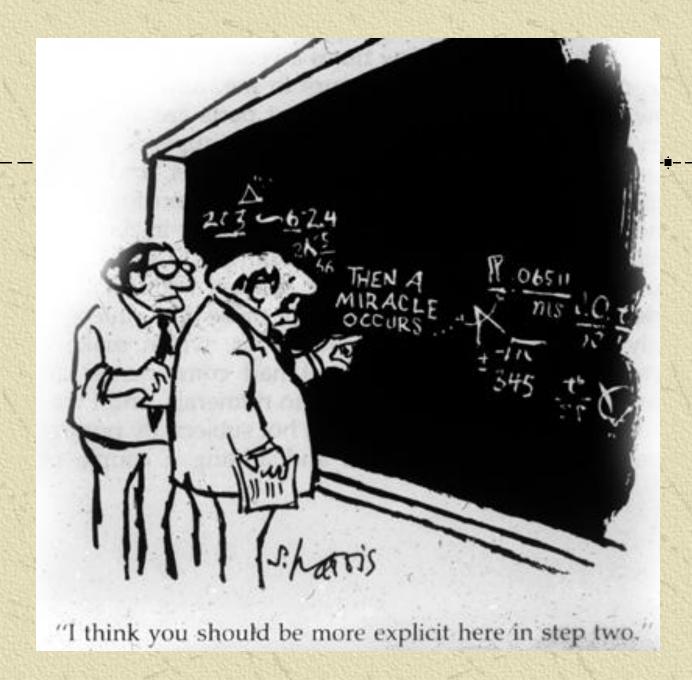


- **\* Match goals with activities**
- **\* Match activities with assessment markers**
- \* Match markers with assessment tools



- Developing and reinforcing clear performance guidelines
- \*\* Adding behavior-based, level-specific performance descriptors
- \* Faculty development of evaluation skills







- \* Reliable and valid assessments
- **Evidence** to relate assessment to competence
- **Relevant, specific and identifiable milestones** for areas of subcompetence
- **\*** Performance/competence defined entrustment that relates to need for supervision and safety



- \* Develop relevant curricula
- \* Include reliable and valid assessments
- \* Faculty development
- \* Educational research



- # Flexibility: creative redesign of program
- **\* Mentoring residents and faculty in their** roles and responsibilities
- \* Align health outcomes with medical education outcomes



- **\* Multiple competing new demands:** 
  - Shift to competency-based education
  - Shift to team implemented, patient centered care
  - Focus on quality and safety
  - Restriction in duty hours
  - Need for work-life balance
- **\* In context of:** 
  - Scientific information explosion
  - Changing and business driven medical system
  - Shrinking resources for increasing demands



- **\*** Faculty development and support
  - Identify existing resources
  - Regularly scheduled faculty development
  - Time to teach in directly observed, competencybased way
- Develop partnerships among stakeholders
  - Address escalating needs
  - Manage and share scarce resources



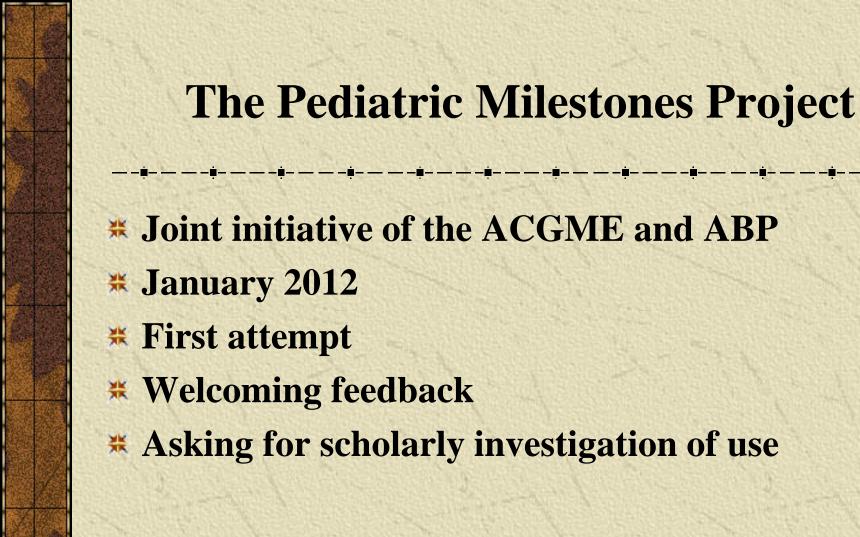
- **\* Educational research:** 
  - Rigorous investigation
  - Demonstrate performance relates to outcomes
  - Link educational outcomes to patient outcomes



**\*** Assessment is still the biggest challenge:

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- Reliability and validity
- Faculty development and time
- **\* Competence is best** 
  - Described in a developmental way
  - Assessed in a clinical context
  - Linked to entrustment, supervision and safety





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- Competence as the point at which one is ready to practice independently is a static view
- Competence is dynamic and content and context specific
- Context fits well with Milestones and "entrustable professional activities" (EPAs)



## "Entrustable Professional Activities" (EPAs)

- \* Professional life activities that define a specialty
- **\*** Place competencies in the everyday work of the physician
- \* Activities lead to some observable output or outcome
- **Complexity of the activities requires an integration of knowledge, skills and attitudes across competence domains**
- **Specific number for each specialty**



- Caring for a well newborn
  - Know maternal conditions that affect the infant

- Perform a comprehensive exam to discover congenital anomalies
- Apply evidence-based guidelines for newborn care
- Speak to the mother using language that she understands
- Demonstrate respect for the mother's cultural background and child rearing practices
- Connect with the community pediatrician in transfer of care



- **\* Hand-over** 
  - Aware of importance and committed
  - With template, guidance and supervisioneffective and efficient
  - Structure is internalized, less supervision
  - Mastery: troubleshoot others



- **\* Hand-over: Identify, organize and present** hand-over information
  - Knows what is important to transfer
  - Arrives on time prepared for the hand-over
  - Orderly, efficient and effective/safe manner
  - Without omissions or unnecessary information
  - Ensure seamless care from provider to provider
  - Troubleshoot information provided to achieve the desired information transfer



- Similarities with Apprenticeship Model
  - Relationships are critical
  - Assessment is embedded in a clinical setting taking care of real patients
  - Direct observation is key
- **\* Differences from Apprenticeship Model** 
  - Defined by specific elements of competence
  - Moved from random to deliberate curriculum



- **\* Competence is meaningful** 
  - In a developmental context
  - In the context of clinical care
- Milestones of competence and EPAs provide this context for both teaching and assessing learners
- **Entrustment** is recognized by assessing the development of competence in context of care



- **\* Performance linked to defined clinical activities**
- Clinical activities linked to reliable and valid assessment
- \* Assessment linked to development of competence
- **\* Development of competence linked to EPAs**
- **EPAs** linked to supervision, safety and clinical care outcomes



- **\* ACGME data collection** 
  - Core set of milestones
  - Every six months
- **\* Clinical Competence Committee** 
  - Evaluations in milestones that link to core sets
  - Gather data from evaluations
  - Determine progress and advancement
- Committee reviews link to defined set of EPAs for each specialty
  - Clusters of milestone achievements linked to entrustment
  - Specialty-defined EPAs linked to competence in practice